



SURFACE SOIL MOISTURE ESTIMATION

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Summer School on Remote Sensing
May 30th to June 3rd, 2022

OBJECTIVE

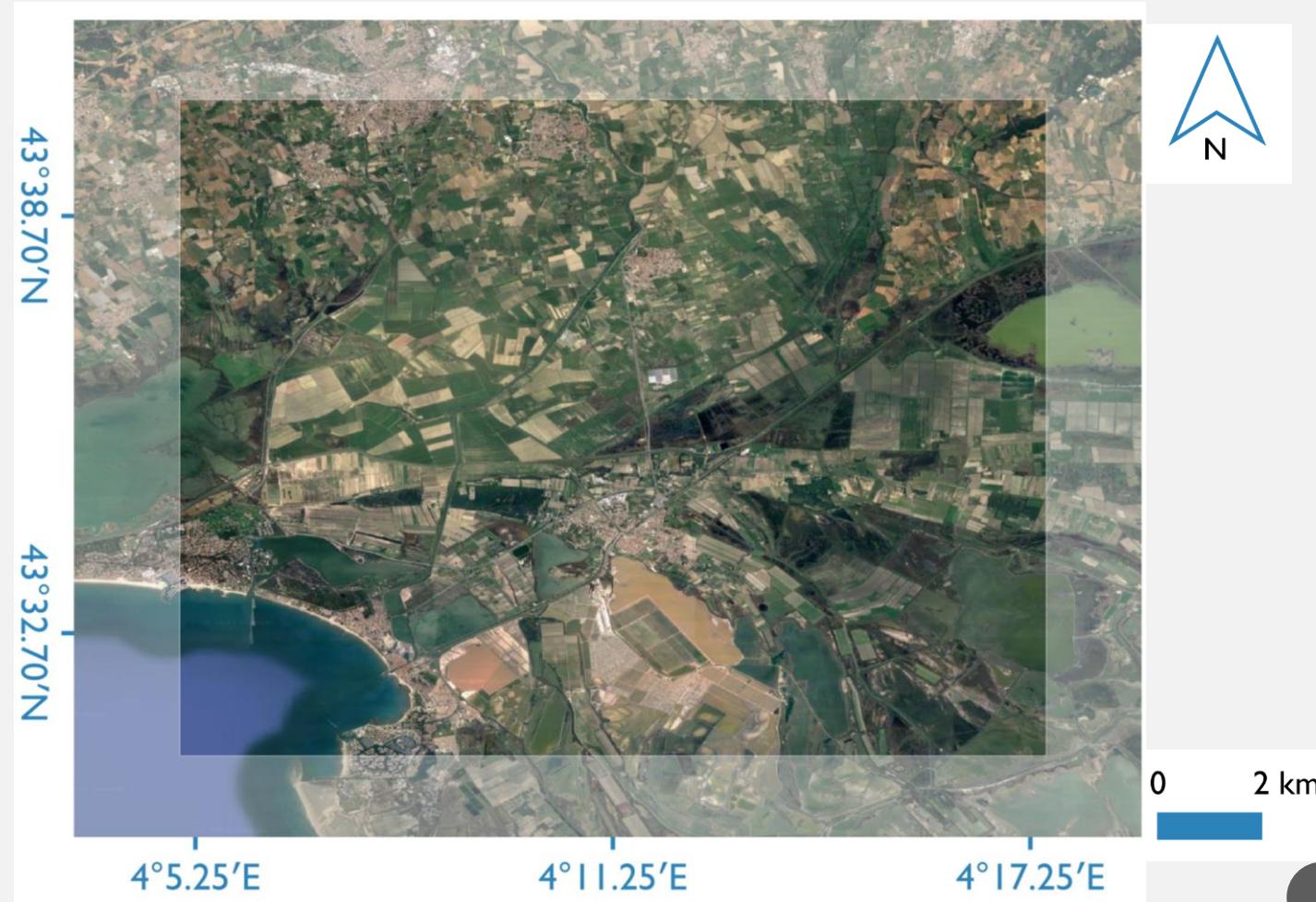


WHAT	Show how to map the surface soil moisture over agricultural plots and grasslands	
HOW	FREE and OPEN SOURCE	
	DATA <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Radar : Sentinel 1- Optical : Sentinel 2	SOFTWARE <ul style="list-style-type: none">- QGIS- SNAP- Python

STUDY SITE



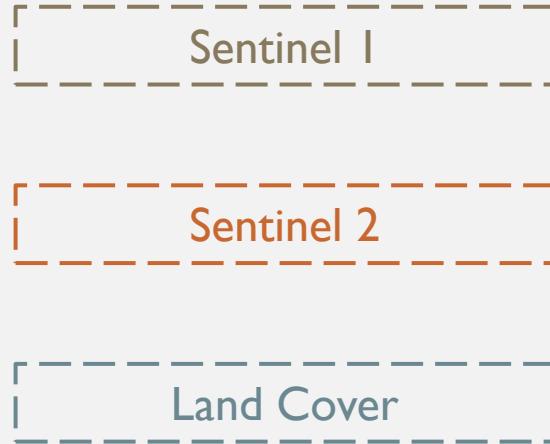
Study site located at 5 km east of
Montpellier city, in the south of France



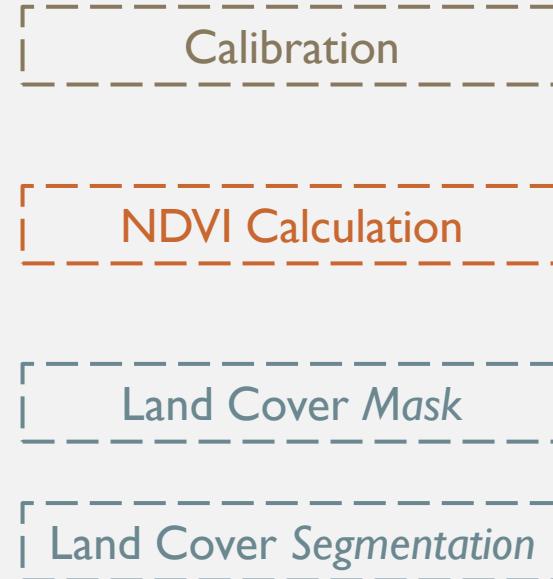
WORKFLOW



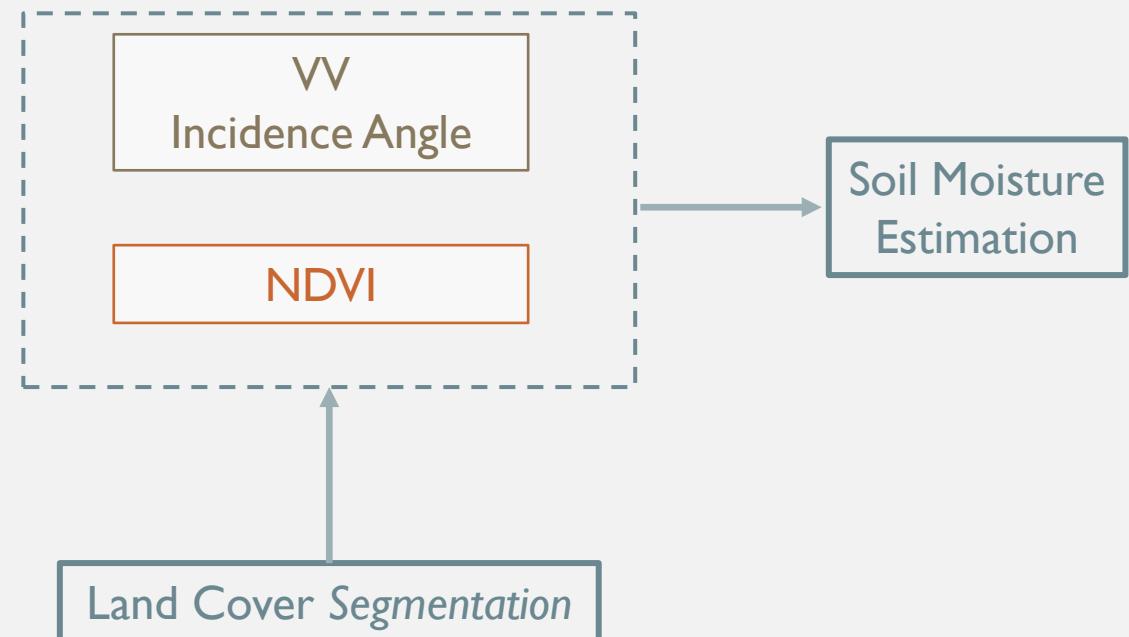
DOWNLOAD



PRE - PROCESSING



PROCESSING



WORKFLOW



DOWNLOAD

Sentinel 1

Sentinel 2

Land Cover

PRE - PROCESSING

Calibration

NDVI Calculation

Land Cover Mask

Land Cover Segmentation

PROCESSING

VV
Incidence Angle

NDVI

Land Cover Segmentation

Soil Moisture
Estimation

DATA DOWNLOAD



Sentinel 1

Image acquired	17 / 04 / 2022
Product type	GRD – Ground Range Detected
Sensor mode	IW – Interferometric Wide
Orbit	Evening – number 59

<https://scihub.copernicus.eu/dhus/#/home>



Diurnal effects
Morning Dew
(moisture condensation)
Freeze Detection

Sentinel 2

Image acquired	18 / 04 / 2022
Level	Level 2A FRE – Corrected for atmospheric and slope effects
Tile	T31TEJ

<https://theia.cnes.fr/atdistrib/rocket/#/search?page=1&collection=SENTINEL2&processingLevel=LEVEL3A>

DATA DOWNLOAD



Land Cover

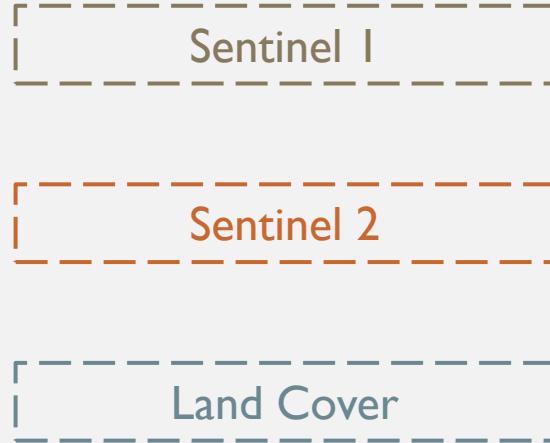
Lebanon	CNRS
France	Occupation du sol ¹ RPG ²
Europe	Corine Land Cover ³
World	Copernicus Global Land Cover ⁴

- ¹ <https://theia.cnes.fr/atdistrib/rocket/#/search?collection=OSO>
- ² <https://geoservices.ign.fr/rpg#telechargement>
- ³ <https://geoservices.ign.fr/rpg#telechargement>
- ³ <https://www.geoportail.gouv.fr/donnees/corine-land-cover-2018>
- ³ <https://land.copernicus.eu/pan-european/corine-land-cover/clc2018?tab=mapview>
- ⁴ <https://lcviewer.vito.be/2015>

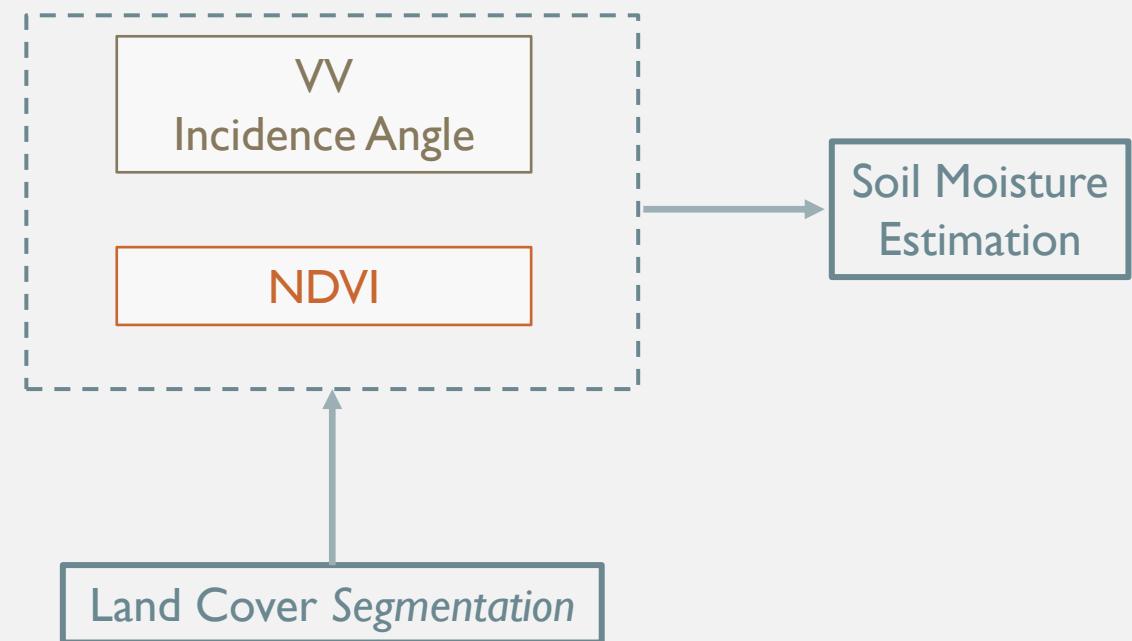
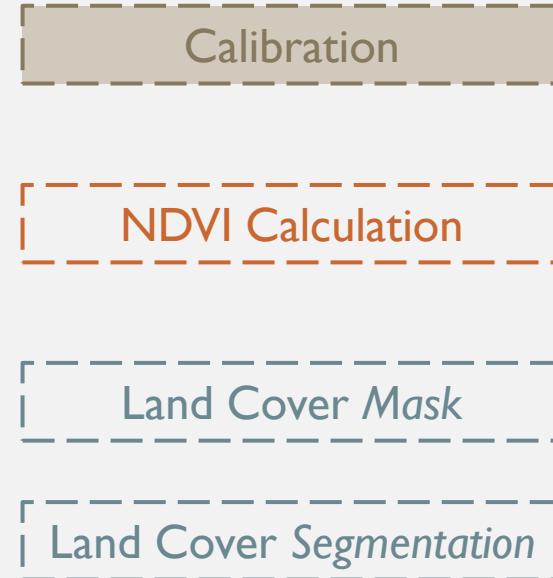
WORKFLOW



DOWNLOAD



PRE - PROCESSING



DATA PRE - PROCESSING



SI Calibration

- Two processing steps : CONSISTS
 - Radiometric calibration : Digital number → Radar backscattering coefficient CONVERT
 - Geometric correction : → Orthorectified images (corrected for geographic location and slope effects)
- PROVIDE

- SNAP software :
 - Import image in Snap
 - Create a graph of processing chain :
 - Calibration
 - Ortho-rectification



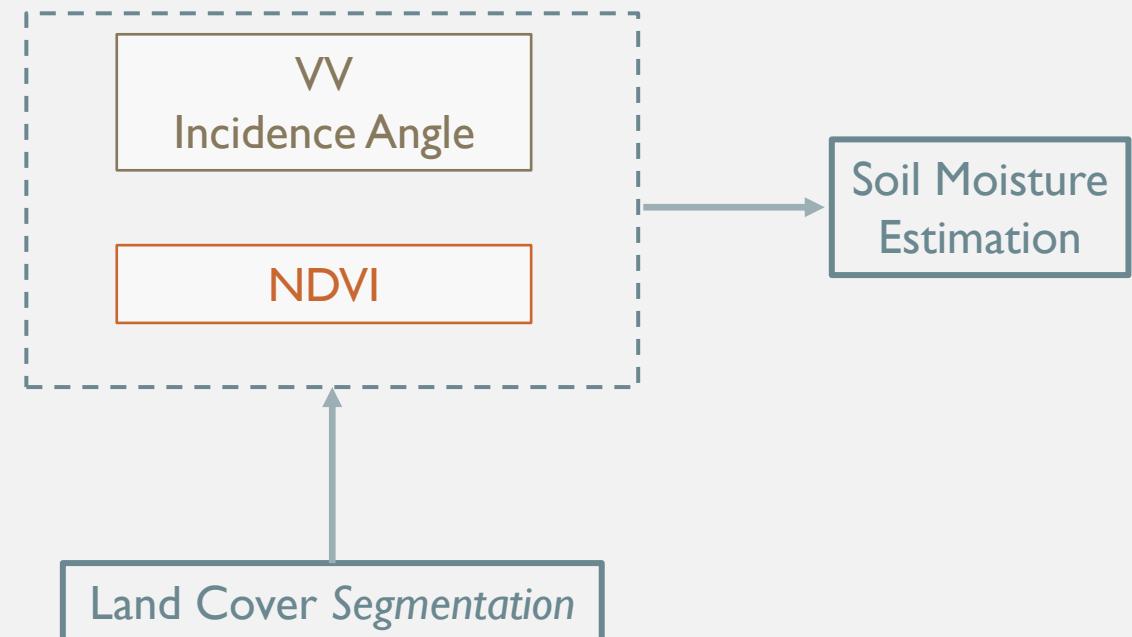
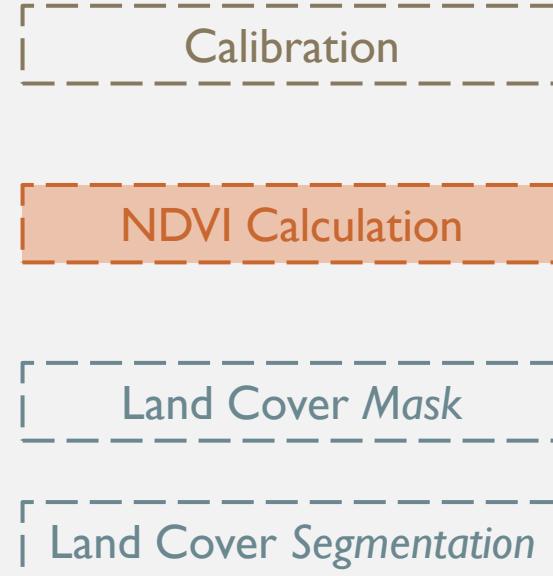
WORKFLOW



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PRE - PROCESSING



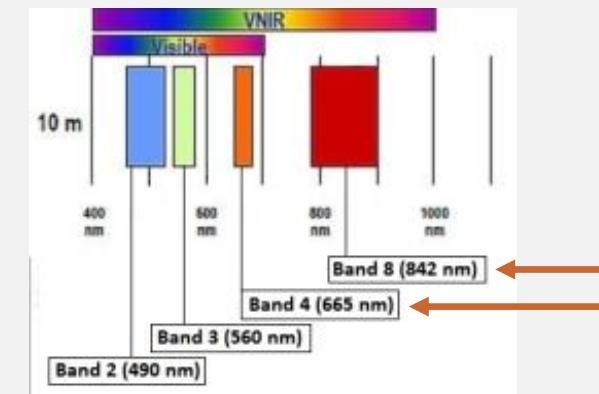
DATA PRE - PROCESSING



NDVI Calculation

- From S2 images to the NDVI vegetation index

$$NDVI = \frac{NIR - RED}{NIR + RED} \times 100$$



- QGIS software :
 - Open B4 and B8 rasters
 - “Raster calculator”
 - “Re-projected” to WGS-84
 - “Clip” to site extent

The screenshot shows the QGIS Raster calculator interface. The expression window contains the following code:

```
100 * ( ("SENTINEL2B_20220323-104852-167_L2A_T31TEJ_C_V3-0_FRE_B8@1" - "SENTINEL2B_20220323-104852-167_L2A_T31TEJ_C_V3-0_FRE_B4@1") / ("SENTINEL2B_20220323-104852-167_L2A_T31TEJ_C_V3-0_FRE_B8@1" + "SENTINEL2B_20220323-104852-167_L2A_T31TEJ_C_V3-0_FRE_B4@1") )
```

WORKFLOW



DOWNLOAD

Sentinel 1

Sentinel 2

Land Cover

PRE - PROCESSING

Calibration

NDVI Calculation

Land Cover Mask

Land Cover Segmentation

PROCESSING

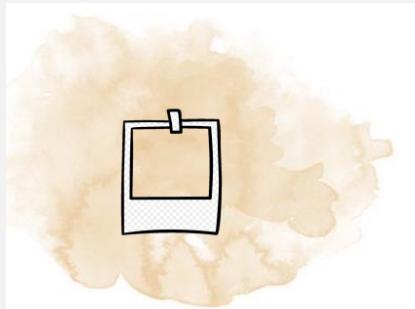
VV
Incidence Angle

NDVI

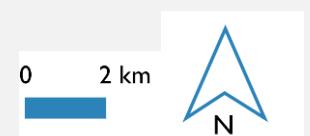
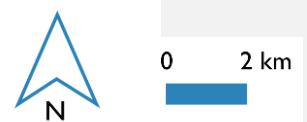
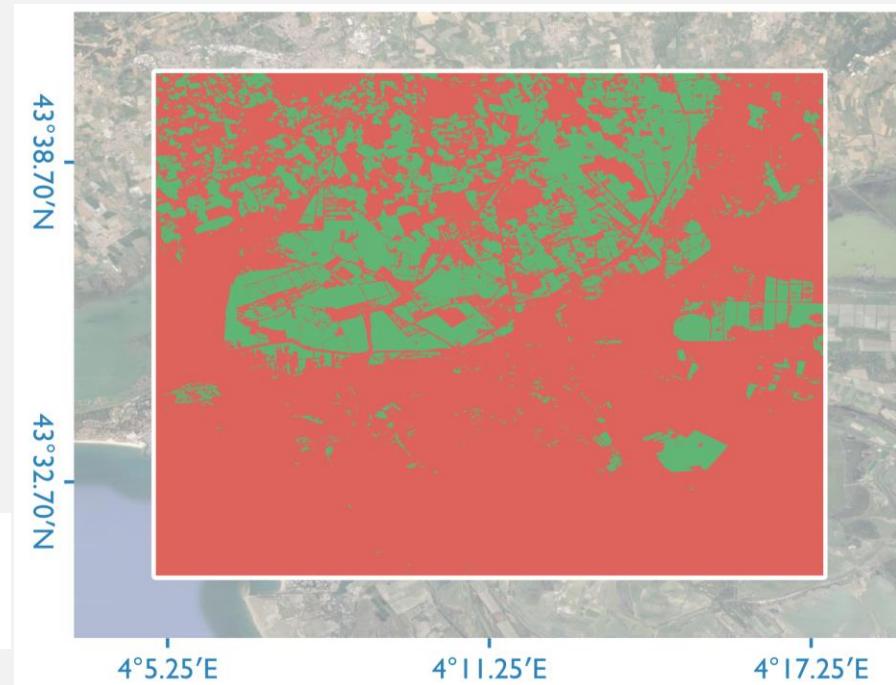
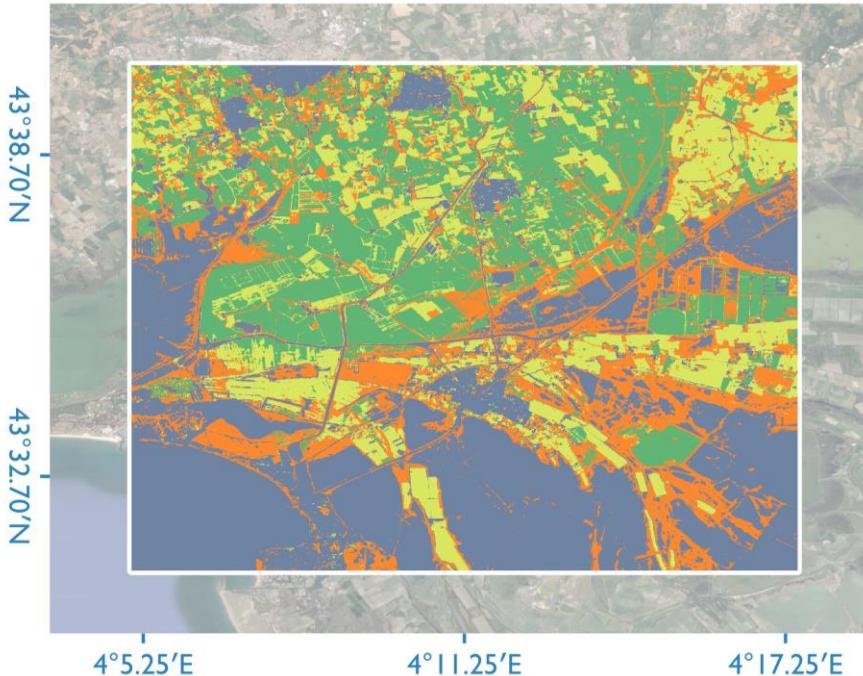
Land Cover Segmentation

Soil Moisture
Estimation

DATA PRE - PROCESSING



Land Cover Mask



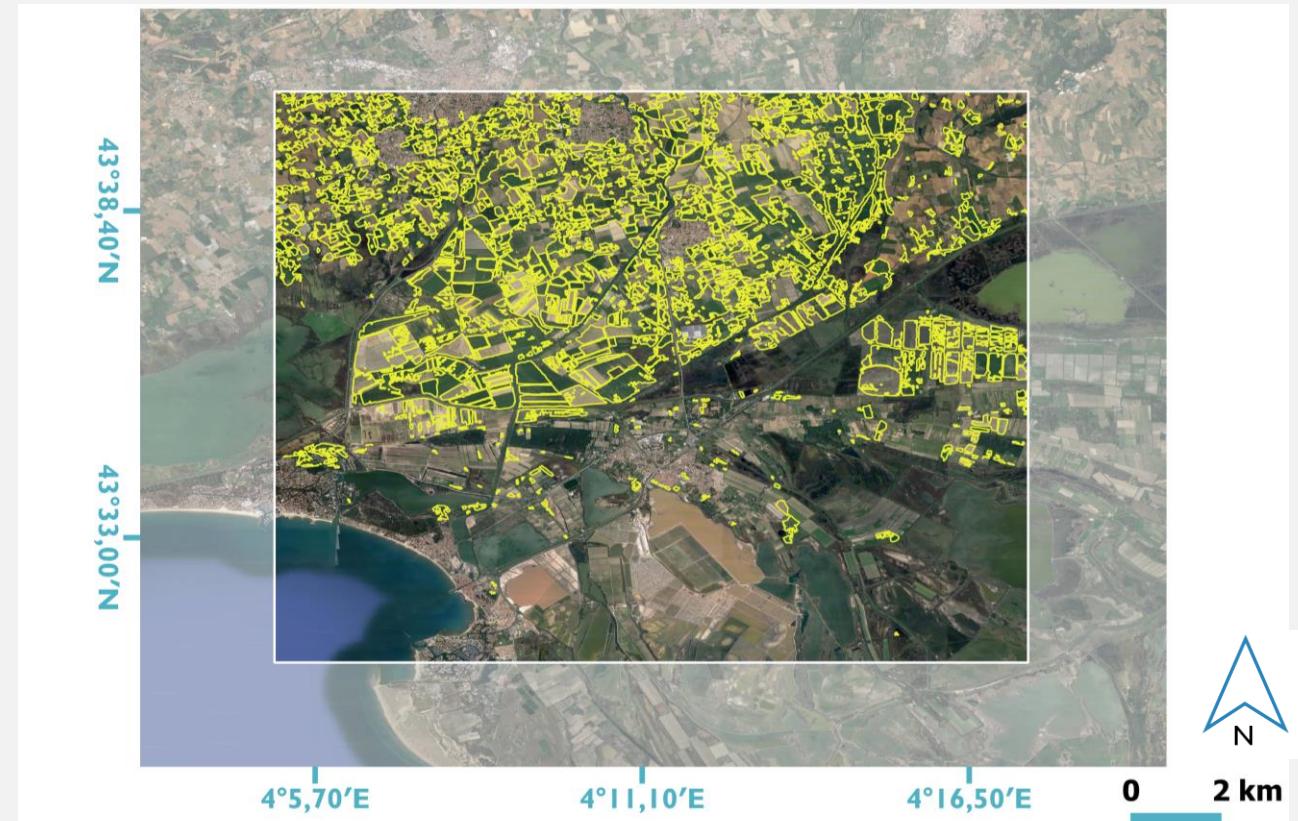
DATA PRE - PROCESSING



Land Cover Mask

- QGIS software :
 - Open Land Cover image
 - “Raster Calculator” + Super Impose (OTB)
 - Expression :

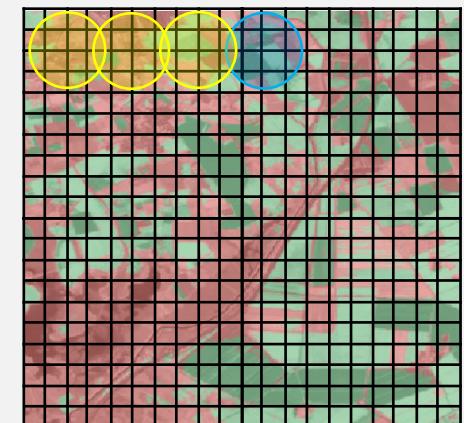
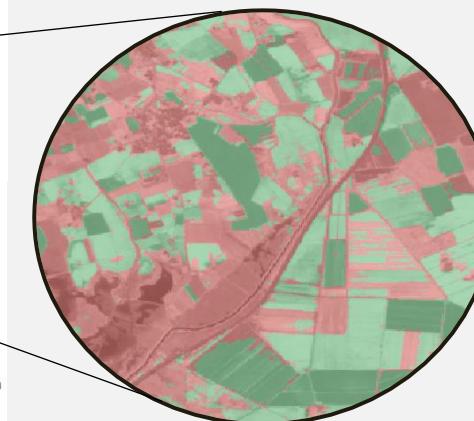
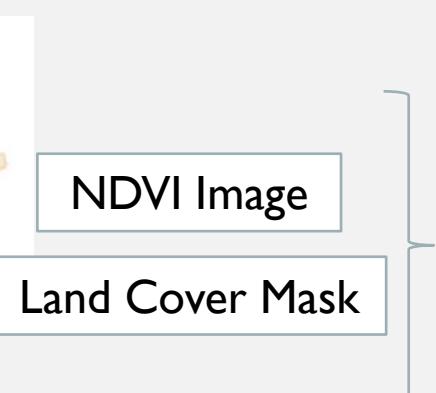
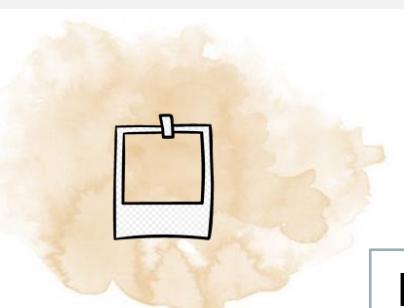
5 :Winter oilseed	10 :Corn
6 :Straw cereals	11 :Rice
7 :Spring oilseeds	12 :Tubers and roots
8 :Soy	13 :Orchards
9 :Sunflower	



DATA PRE - PROCESSING



Land Cover Segmentation

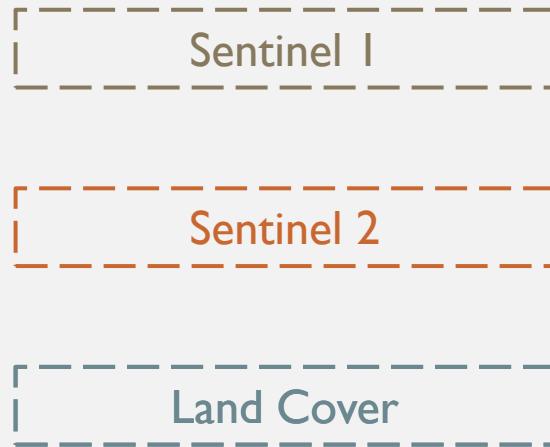


- QGIS software :
 - Open NDVI and Land Cover mask
 - “Segmentation” (OTB) 
 - Geometric corrections
 - Algorithm : meanshift
 - Spatial radius : 30 pixels
 - Range radius : 10
- “Smooth” + “Buffer” + “Zonal Statistics”

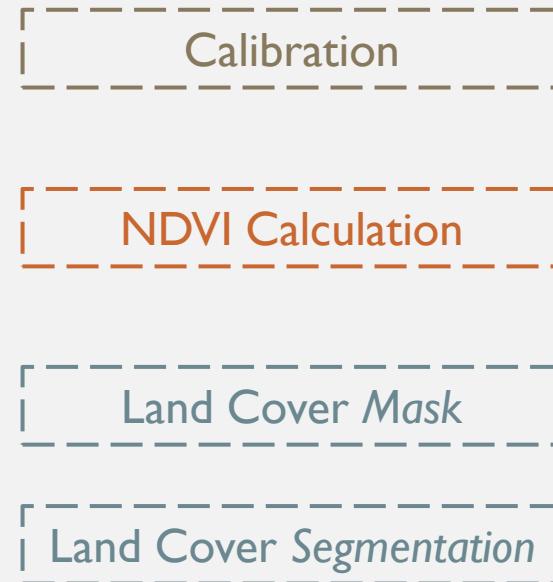
WORKFLOW



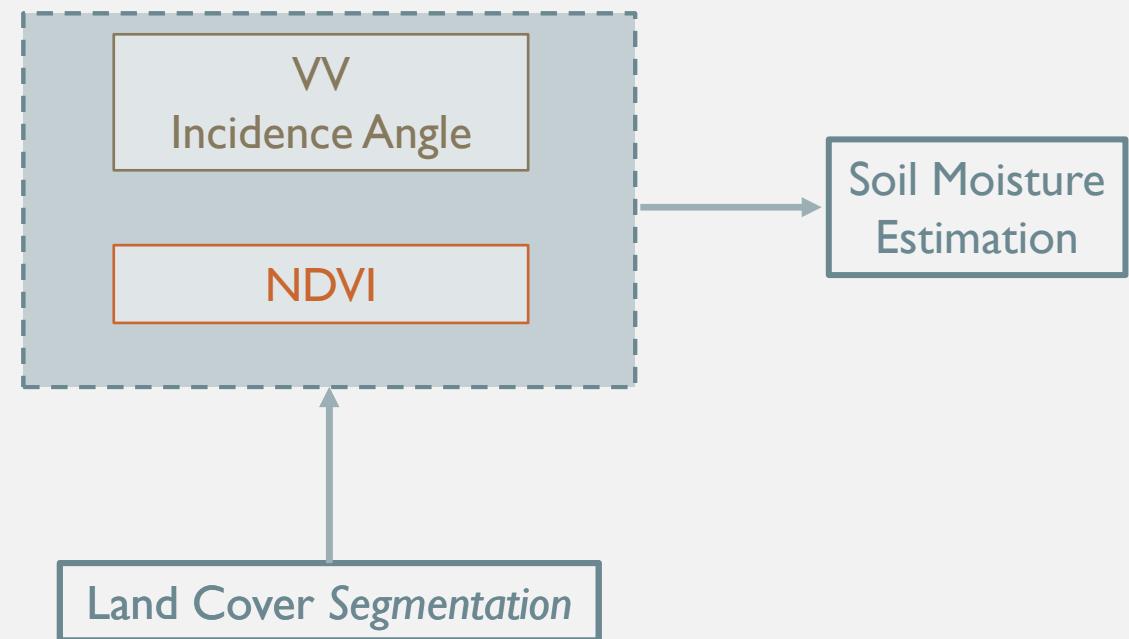
DOWNLOAD



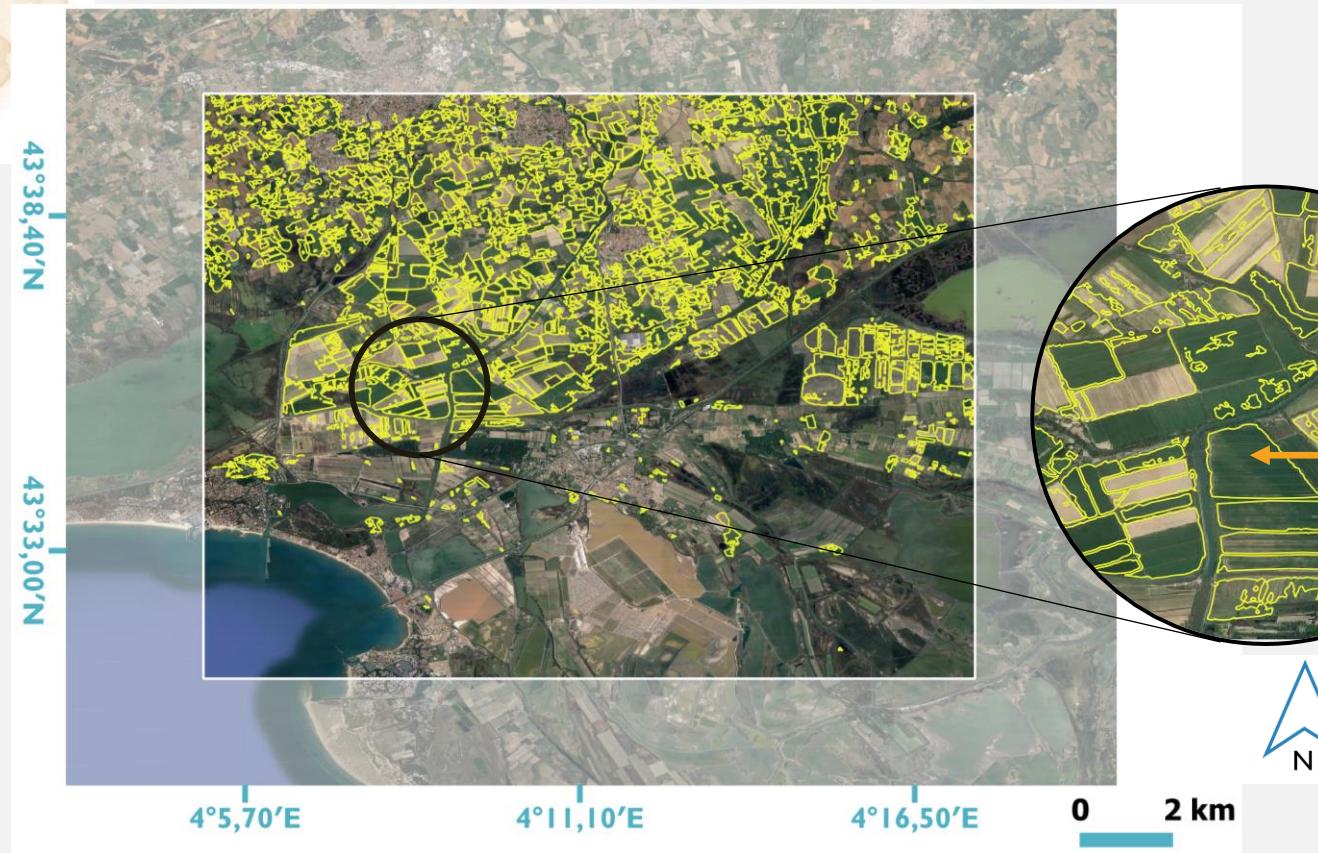
PRE - PROCESSING



PROCESSING



DATA PROCESSING



Zonal Statistics :
SI VV
Incidence angle
NDVI



DATA PROCESSING



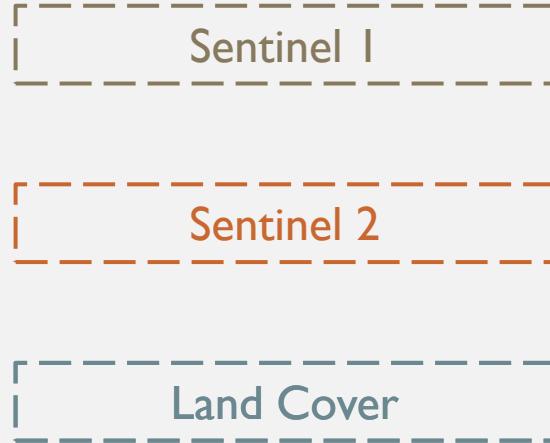
- QGIS software :
 - Open NDVI / SI VV image / Incidence Angle → Raster
 - Open Segmentation filtered → Shape
 - “Zonal Statistics”
 - Export to CSV

1	DN	M_VVmean	M_INCmean	M_NDVImean
2	17	0.02	40.29	56.87
3	18	0.05	40.40	51.93
4	20	0.05	40.41	10.93
5	23	0.08	40.39	16.00
6	24	0.12	40.58	62.10
7	25	0.08	40.65	43.16
8	26	0.07	40.66	65.15
9	30	0.07	40.64	9.93
10	35	0.06	40.60	42.39
11	41	0.03	40.43	66.09
12	52	0.06	40.68	11.65
13	53	0.08	40.63	11.15
14	56	0.08	40.59	61.21
15	57	0.07	40.71	43.38

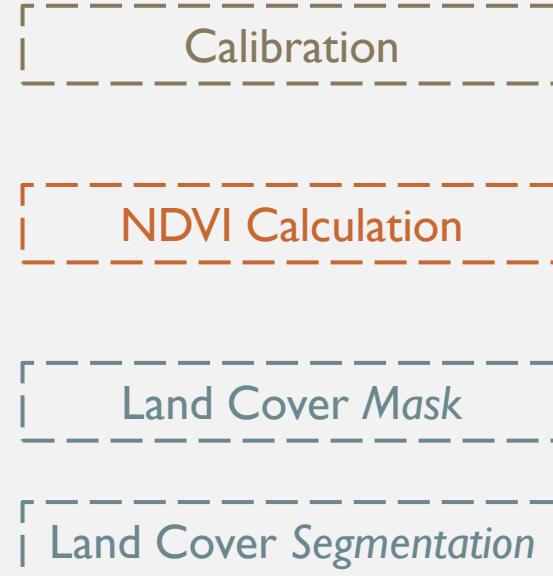
WORKFLOW



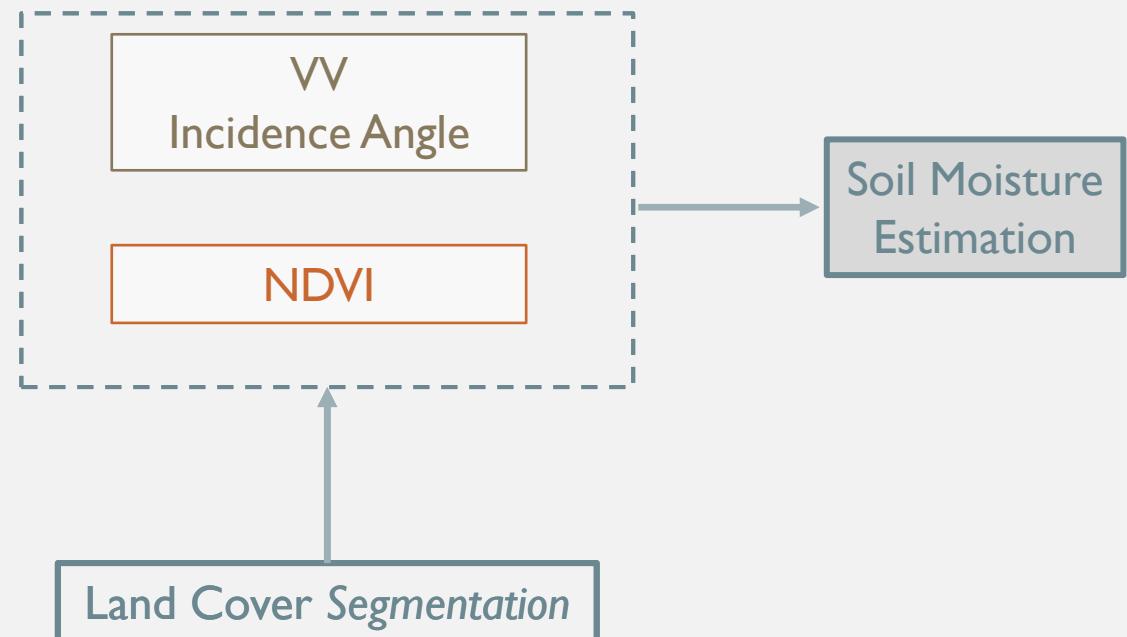
DOWNLOAD



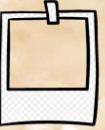
PRE - PROCESSING



PROCESSING

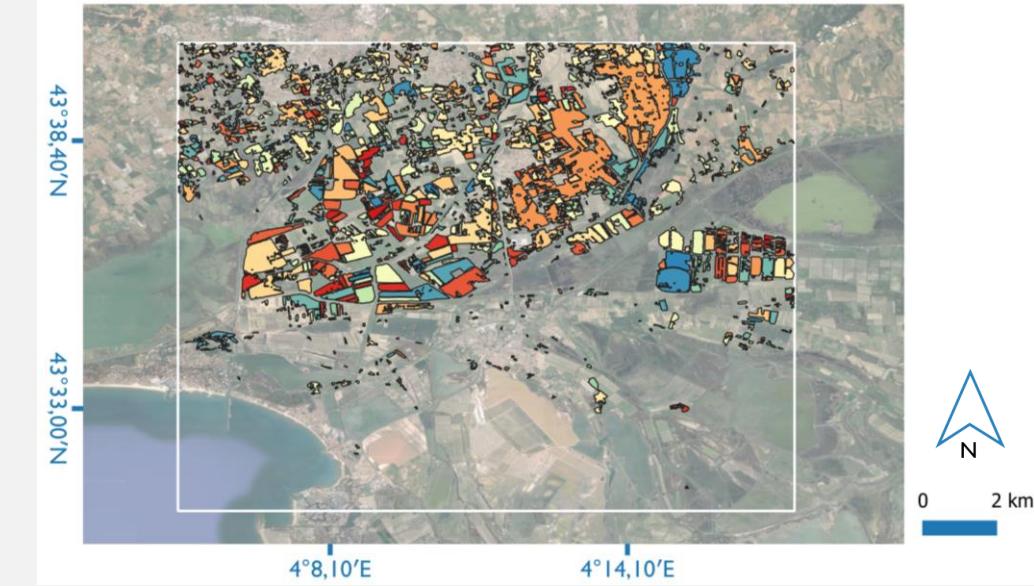


DATA PROCESSING



Zonal Statistics :
SI VV
Incidence angle
NDVI

INVERSION



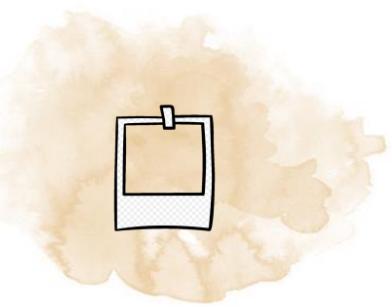
- Python IDLE
- QGIS software :
 - Open the “Estimation Soil Moisture” → *Text file*
 - Open the RPG filter → *Shape*
 - Join both tables by ID





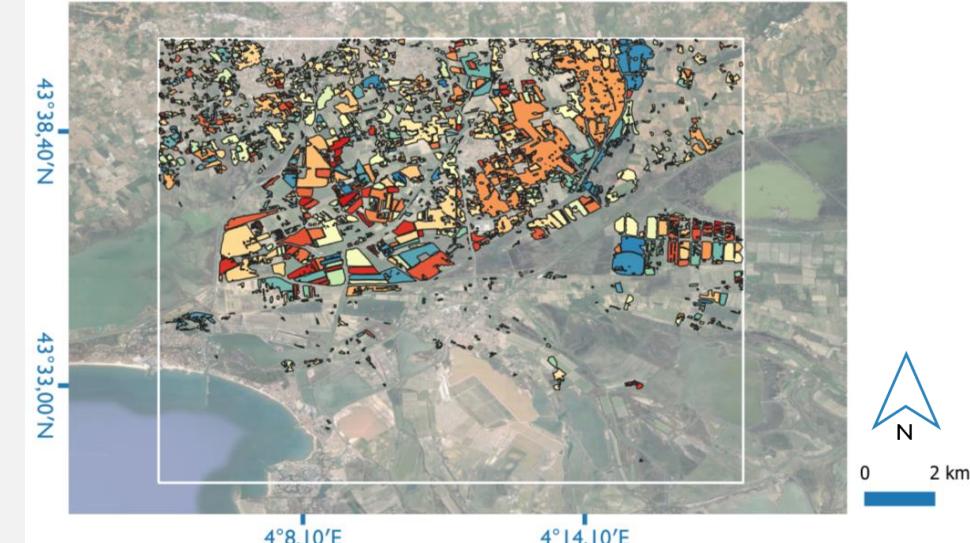
THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION

DATA PROCESSING



Zonal Statistics :
 SI VV
 Incidence angle
 NDVI

INVERSION



Inversion Model :

- Based on NN technique → Machine learning method trained on training dataset → Predicting Moisture
- Training is done using **synthetic data** derived from physical and empirical models (IEM + WCM)

50 % → Training

Best Path

50 % → Validation

Comparison with Moisture value

Steps

INC	NDVI	Moisture	VV
40	55	5	15
41	56	5,5	15,2
...	

+ Test :Terrain

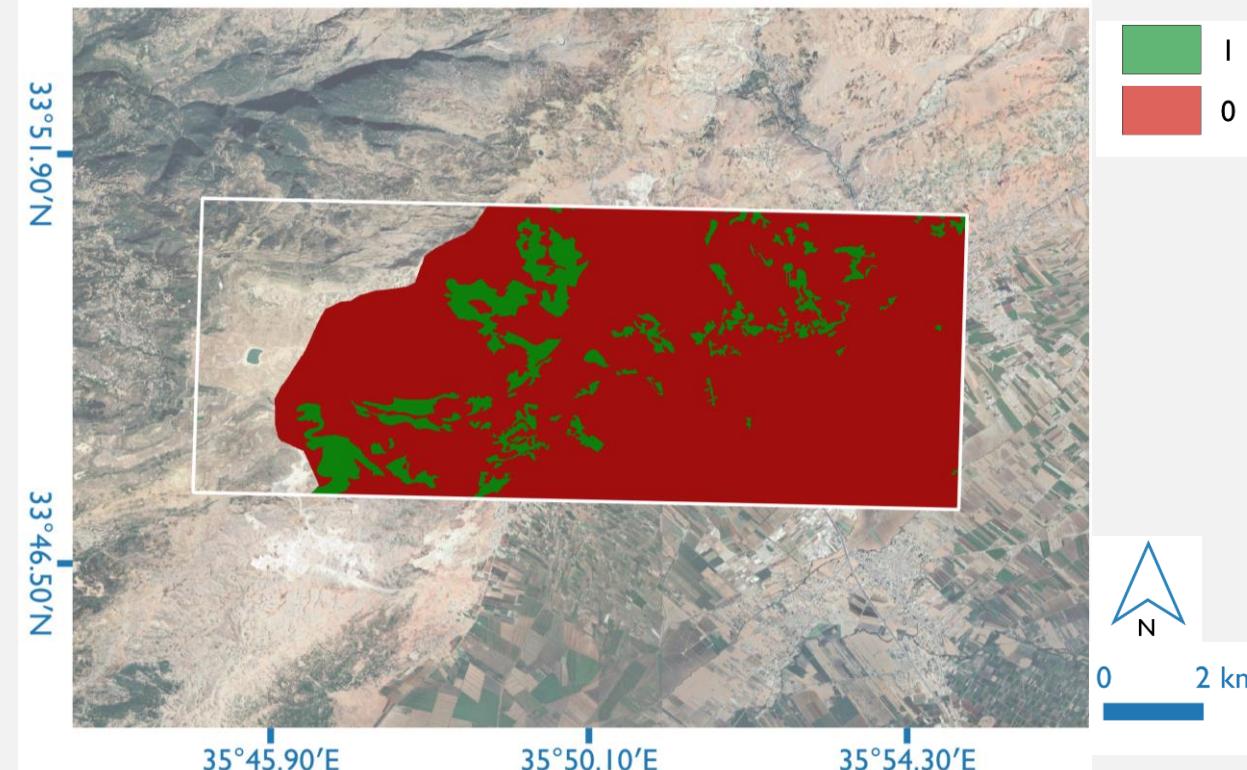
DATA PRE - PROCESSING



- QGIS software :
 - Open Land Cover vector
 - “Rasterization” (OTB) + Raster calculator + SuperImpose (OTB)
 - Expression :

Level I	400 : Grassland
	200 : Agricultural area

Land Cover Mask



MAP ELEMENTS

